

Road Asset Management (RAM)

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RAM Maturity Assessment

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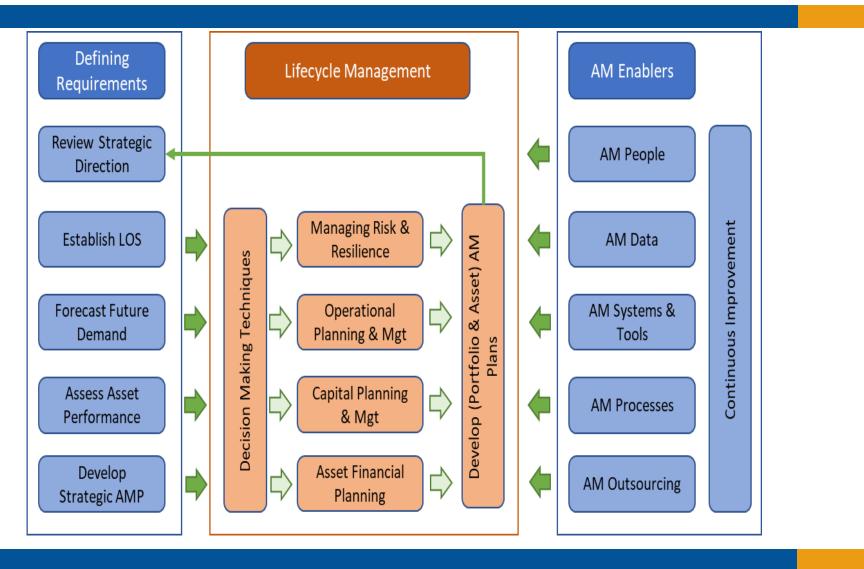


Aim of the Maturity Assessment

- To systematically examine how advanced the processes and practices are.
- To yield a detailed improvement plan
 - Country specific, or CAREC wide
- To identify countries that are the leaders within CAREC for each component of RAM.
- Will be worked on throughout the next 4 days, and presented at the end of the workshop.
- It is not an examination of the assets themselves.



International Infrastructure Management Manual (IIMM) AM Process





- Defining Lifecycle Management **AM Enablers** Requirements **Review Strategic** AM People Direction Managing Risk & Continuous Improvement **Establish LOS** ¢ AM Data Develop (Portfolio & Asset) AM Plans Resilience **Decision Making Techniques** Forecast Future AM Systems & Operational Demand Planning & Mgt Tools Assess Asset Capital Planning \triangleleft **AM Processes** Performance & Mgt Develop Asset Financial AM Outsourcing Strategic AMP Planning
- The AM Policy provides the governing authority to implement all aspects of the RAM program
- Example from Australia
 - <u>https://www.transport.tas.gov.au/ data/assets/pdf_file/0004/114439/R</u> oad Management Infrastructure Asset Management Policy.pdf
- Easy to write, easy to approve, challenge is in delivering on the policy



- Short document a few pages, or even a single page
- Scope of assets covered
- Commitment to implementing RAM
 - Maybe commitment to achieving ISO55000
- Commitment to life cycle costing principles
- Level of service based
- Management of risks
- Customer focused

 Authorised by highest level of authority – e.g. government minister

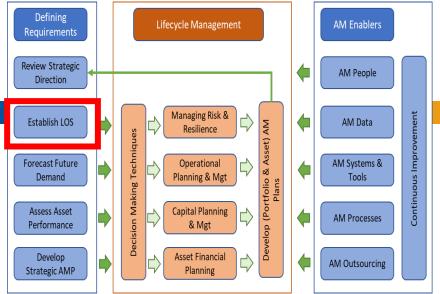


Define what it is that you are

trying to deliver, in words

that the customer

understands



- We don't build roads, rehabilitate roads, or maintain roads for the fun of it, we do that to deliver a service level (whether explicitly stated or not)
- Service levels are about more than just the condition of the road
 - Most authorities mention Efficient, Safe, Informed, Cost-effective in their service level statements



Defining the Level of Service is Critical



One size doesn't fit all – its all about affordability & risk

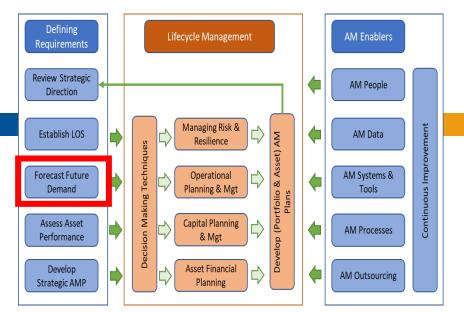




- Levels of Service
 - What the organisation intends to deliver. Levels of service describe one or more attributes of the service from a customer point of view
 - Example: Provide a network that connects communities.
- Performance Measure (also termed Performance Indicator)
 - A qualitative or quantitative measure of a service or activity used to indicate how the organisation is doing in relation to delivering levels of service
 - Example: % of communities > 500 habitats serviced by an all weather road.



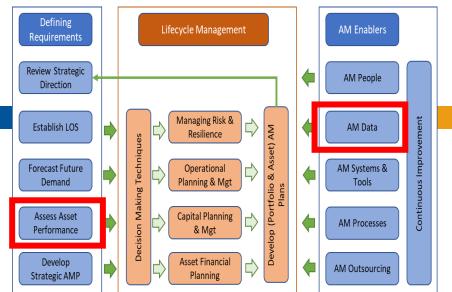
• Helps identify when expansion works will be required, along with future loading on the existing infrastructure.



- For simple networks can be a regression of past growth patterns.
- For complex and congested networks will involve full traffic models, linking land use development to traffic demand.
- Minimum forecast period of:
 - At least 20years for pavement and surfacing decisions
 - 20+ years for expansion projects



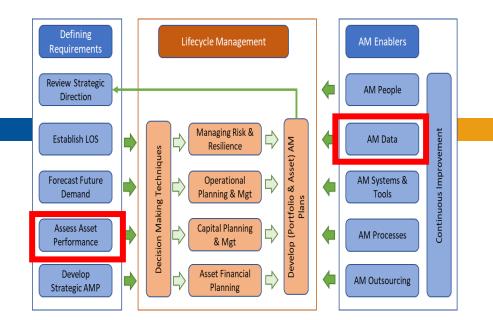
- List of the physical assets you have
- At an appropriate level of detail / componentisation

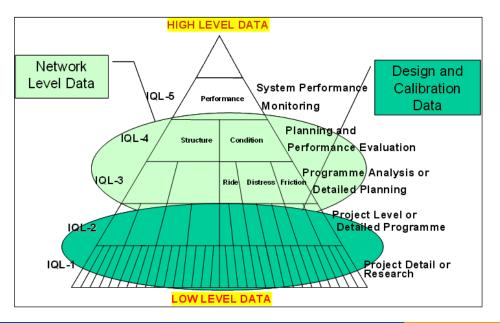


- May start out being stored in a spreadsheet or simple database, then transition to full Asset Management Information System in the future
- Need a process to keep it up to date



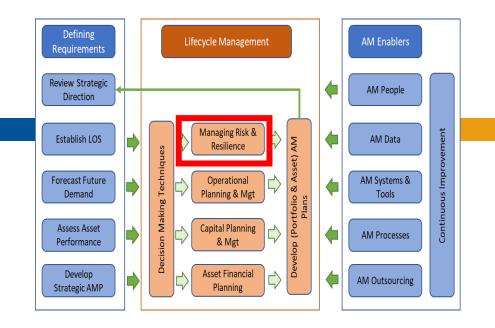
- Physical measure of the asset condition
- What to measure, how often, and to what level of accuracy?
- Not everything needs to be inspected every year
 - Risk based inspection regimes
- Consider the Information Quality Level (IQL) when designing your data collection program







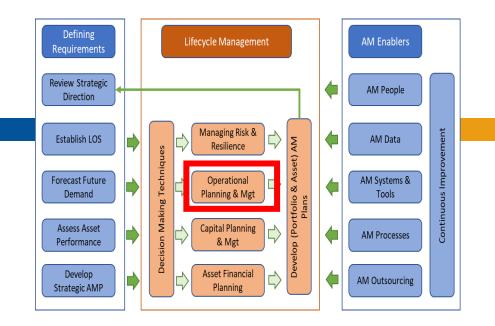
- Depends heavily on the nature of your road network
- Most authorities have an understanding of the risk, although it may not be in a formal process



- A good guidance document for physical risks is:
 - Road Geohazard Risk Management Handbook
 - <u>https://www.gfdrr.org/en/road-geohazard-handbook</u>



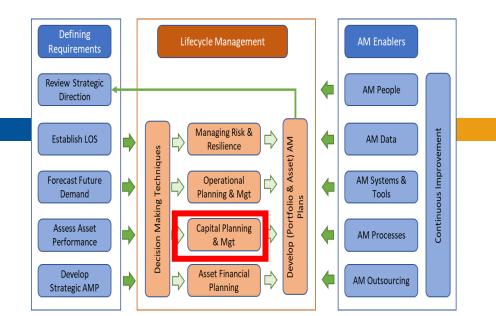
- Operations and Maintenance (O&M) covers the day-to-day activities
 - Operations: e.g. Ramp signalling, peak hour pricing
 - Maintenance: Filling potholes, cleaning drains, sealing cracks



- O&M is closest to what the road user experiences when travelling around the network
- Maintenance can be reactive or proactive (scheduled)
- Maintenance strategy should link to the overall plan for the road section
 - e.g. Don't do expensive repairs on a road that is due for reconstruction soon



- Typically two aspects:
 - Renewals
 - Expansion works

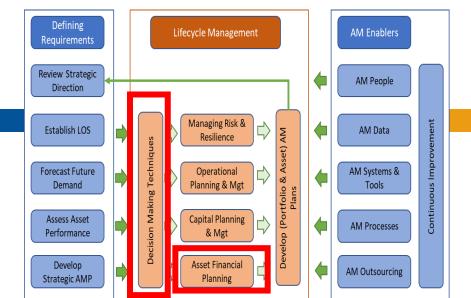


- Renewals
 - Quantity estimated through a combination of predictive modelling (HDM-4), historic records, and asset valuation parameters
 - While impacting on the long term durability of the network, many renewals (especially resurfacings) do not impact significantly on the road users experience
- Expansion works
 - From traffic modelling, road safety investigations or similar



Lifecyle Decision Making & Funding

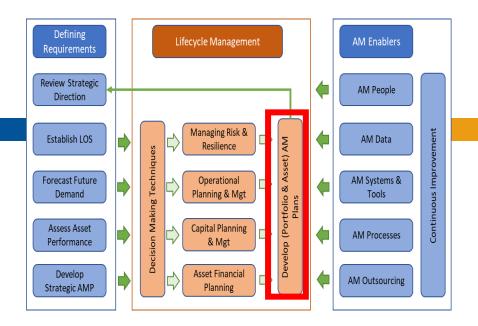
- Need an agreed decision making framework
 - Net Present Value (NPV)
 - Benefit Cost Ration (BCR)
 - Multi-Criteria Analysis (MCA)



- What is the optimal balance of investment between operations, maintenance and capital works to deliver the agreed levels of service?
- How should that cost be funded?
- If not affordable, then where will the budget constraints do the least harm?
- HDM-4 and similar decision support tools often used at this stage.



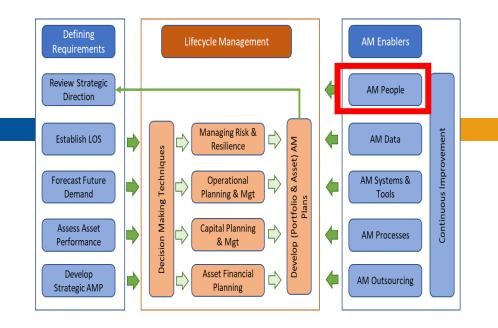
 The AMP is a document that records past achievements and identifies future activities both in relation to investment in the assets, but also in the way they are managed



- Should provide summary information on each step of the process
- Ideally written in non-technical language
 - The AMP should be the easy read justification for the level of investment you are asking for
- Covers at least a 10 year forward projection of condition, funding needs, service level achievements etc.



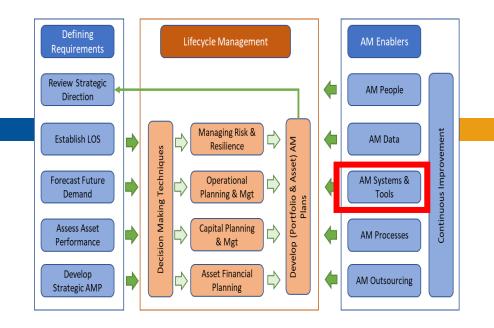
- Who is in charge of making sure compliance with the RAM Policy is occurring?
- While RAM requires an organisational wide approach, it takes a small team to oversee it



- To be effective the RAM Team needs to be able to influence the budget allocation process
 - Otherwise necessary change will not occur
- Various models for the RAM Team exist
 - Important to have a direct to the senior decision makers in the road authority



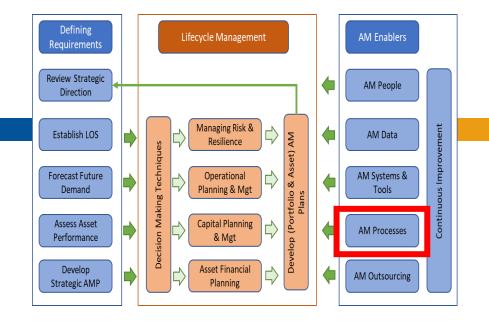
- RAM involves a lot of data, so need an appropriate Asset Management Information System (AMIS)
- Most modern AMIS
 - GIS interface
 - Web based
 - Multi-asset (pavement, bridges, signs etc)
 - Modular
- Also need some form of Decision Support Tool (DST)
 - Can be simple decision tree that does prioritisation
 - Or complex optimisation tool such as HDM-4





AM Processes & Quality Mgt

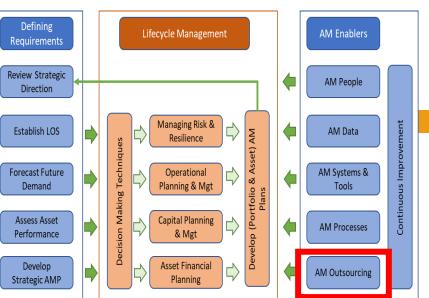
 As with any other aspects of activity, a quality management oversight is required to ensure compliance with the RAM processes



- One of the biggest causes for failure of RAM is where sound processes are bypassed for budget allocation and works program generation
 - Results in an undermining of all aspects of RAM



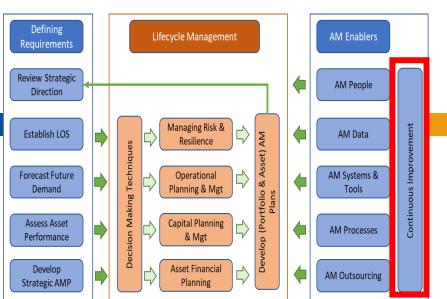
- How will you deliver the asset management and physical works?
 - In-house, or external?
- Strategic activities should be kept in-nouse, while lower level activities can benefit from full or partial outsourcing.
- Some contractual models (e.g. performance based maintenance contracts) have been shown to drive RAM initiatives.







- Start simple, with the data you have, then improve
 - 5-10 years to become competent at RAM



- Don't delay starting RAM owing to any deficiencies in data or systems
 - Start and bring those improvements into the RAM processes
 - Use Maturity Assessments to help identify gaps
- Improvement actions should be prioritised and funded, and managed as a program in its own right
 - Assigned to the AM Team to deliver, but often using resources from across the road authority



The Excel Template



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