



Формулировка RAMS Фазы III

Workshop on RAMS, data collection technologies and scope for RAMS III

Bishkek, Kyrgyzstan – May 23, 2023

Formulation of RAMS III

Background

- Азиатский банк развития предоставляет техническую помощь Кыргызской Республике для проекта по улучшению дороги Иссык-Кульского кольца.
- Проект предусматривает реконструкцию 75 км дороги между Барксоон и Караколом на южной обходной дороге.
- В рамках подготовки проекта мы проводим подробный анализ проектной документации, аудит безопасности дорожного движения, подготовку тендерных документов и другие мероприятия.
- Новый проект предусматривает дополнительную поддержку усилий в области RAMS, что будет логическим продолжением RAMS II.
- Цель данной краткой презентации - описать процесс формирования области RAMS III и выделить потенциальные мероприятия



Content

1. Formulation of RAMS III

Overview of RAMS III formulation process and key considerations

2. Possible components of RAMS III

Initial list of possible activities that could be considered under RAMS III scope

3. Examples of data collection technologies

Technologies for traffic and condition data collection



RAMS III formulation process

- RAMS III должна быть продолжением ранее выполненных работ, поэтому
- Хорошее понимание ожидаемых результатов RAMS II критически важно
- Обратная связь с этого семинара и результаты оценки зрелости RAMS будут руководить определением области RAMS III

Область должна быть сформулирована совместно на основе ваших потребностей и должна охватывать ряд областей:

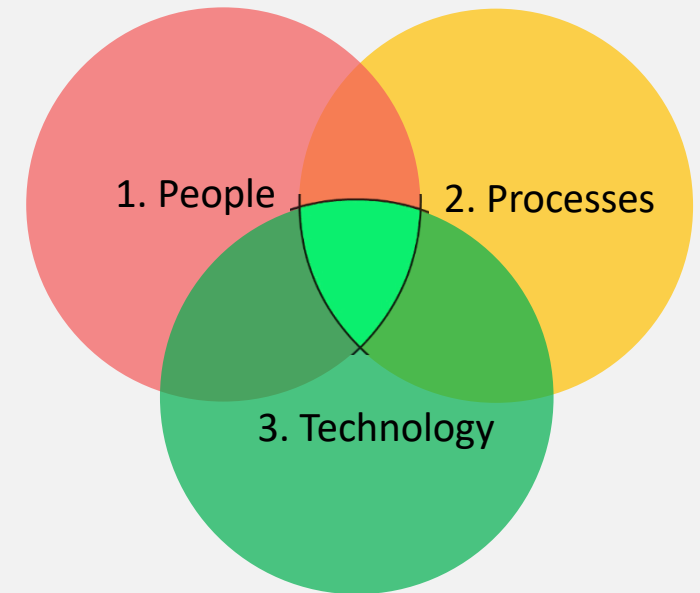
- Институциональный уровень
- Развитие потенциала
- Оборудование для поддержки сбора данных
- Улучшение функциональности программного обеспечения и системы
- Сбор и обновление данных



Key Considerations for successful RAMS project – PPT Framework

Для помощи в определении области можно использовать стандартный подход к составлению презентации (PPT).

1. Люди - самая важная часть этой рамки. Понимание фактических предпосылок и базовой кадровой готовности является жизненно важным перед началом процесса развития RAMS. **Примером хорошей предпосылки может быть наличие подразделения RAMS и наличие технической компетенции для передачи знаний.**
2. Процесс - это последовательность действий или шагов, которые необходимо предпринять для достижения определенной цели. Люди неэффективны без поддерживающих процессов. **Примером хорошей предпосылки может быть наличие цепочки процессов для подготовки многолетнего планирования, включая его высокоуровневый обзор и формальное утверждение.**
3. Несмотря на свои возможности, технология (программное обеспечение/оборудование) сама по себе не может решать проблемы без поддержки людей и процессов.
 - Слишком часто организации вкладывают средства в технологию, не учитывая предпосылки.
 - Технология не должна быть излишне сложной, так как это может привести к затруднениям у людей и подорвать практичность использования этой технологии



People

To achieve RAMS institutionalization:

- There must be an **leading unit** to manage, monitor and continually improve the RAMS
- Unit must have appropriate staff, clear job responsibilities, defined **reporting lines to upper management**
- Written guidelines and technical manuals in combination with video recordings of all capacity building and training activities – classroom videos + computer screen recordings.
- Continuous training, development and commitment to improvement
- Support from upper management



Processes

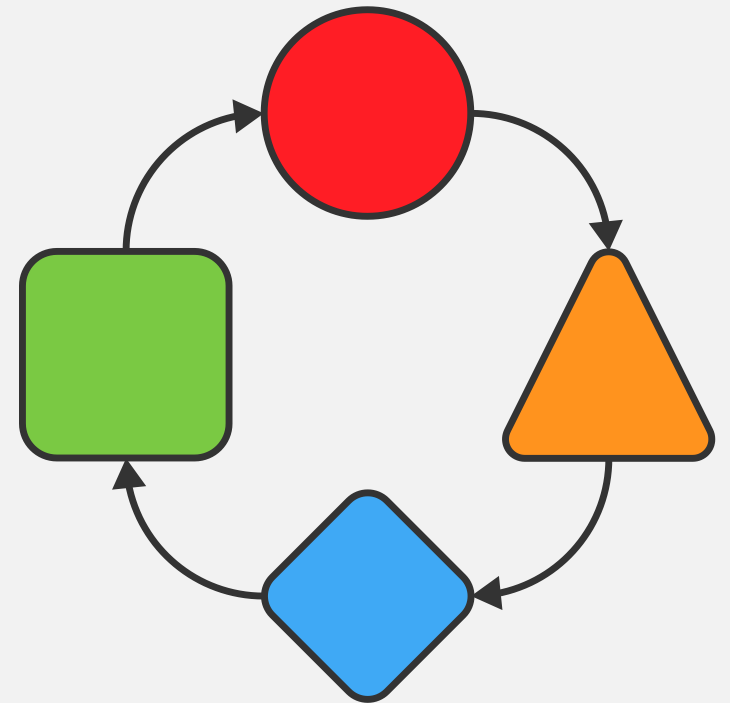
RAMS must have an active role in the agency

To Achieve This:

- The RAMS must be an integral part of the agency's monitoring and planning process and be part of overall **asset management strategy**
- Have written guidelines for annual cycle of activities
- Outputs should be used to prepare annual reports to ensure that data is **regularly collected** and systems are being used

Outputs can include:

- Reporting on Key performance indicators
- Multi-year plans/goals
- Annual asset management plan



Technology

Data collection must be appropriate and sustainable

- Basic data
- At the adequate level of detail based on capacity and needs
- With technology based on agency's constraints and capabilities
- Focusing on automated data collection and processing methodologies – such as high speed IRI measurements, spatial analysis tools (GIS) for automated data processing, etc.
- Has to be systematic. Outdated data is no much better than no data



Technology

RAMS can be a combination of commercial off-the-shelf (COTS) software instead of all in one custom solution.

- Lower cost
- Avoid dependence on individual developers
- Timeframe – implemented much faster
- Experience – reflects inputs and testing from a larger number of users
- Ongoing development – continual upgrades and improvements
- Exchange of ideas – conferences and other users



Examples of RAMS III potential components

1. Preparation of RAM Strategy document

Document should outline strategic goals, objectives, and priorities for managing a road network's assets over a defined period. Document will include guidelines for asset inventory, condition assessment, service levels, funding and resource allocation, etc. and guide decision-making for efficient and effective road network management.

Such document will help to plan, approve and execute annual activities related to RAMS operation.

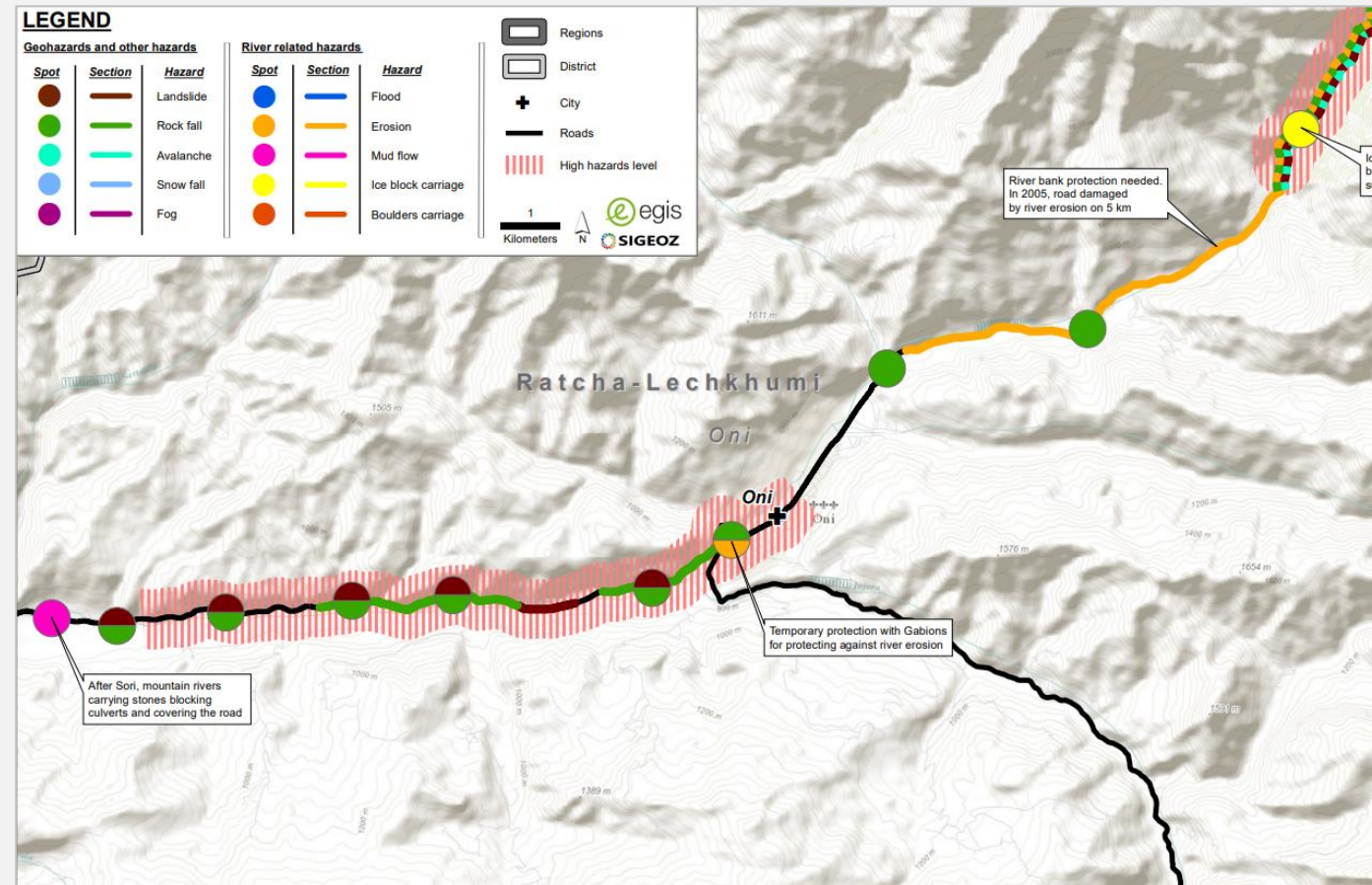


Examples of RAMS III potential components

2. Additional Data Collection/Update

- Continuation of data collection and update efforts.
- Road condition data update.
- Inventory of road assets, culverts, km posts etc.
- Increase the coverage of Traffic Data points.
- Bridge inventory and inspection. Assessment of bridge health index. Etc.
- Data related to climate resilience adaptation, such as risk/hazard maps and asset vulnerabilities.

Example of risk/hazard GIS dataset



Examples of RAMS III potential components

3. HDM-4 Integration and introduction of non-monetary prioritization indicators through GIS spatial analysis

- Continued integration of HDM-4 and RAMS at a program level analysis
- Introduction of non-monetary indicators, such as population density, number of schools, hospitals, touristic attractions etc.

The screenshot displays the ArcGIS interface for a 'Programme: 5 Year Program International'. It features a 'Perform Run' button and a 'Budget Scenario' dropdown set to 'Unconstrained Programme'. Below this, a 'Life Cycle Analysis' table is shown, detailing road sections with columns for Road Section, Road class, Length, MT AADT, Pavement, Road Works, Year, Cost (m#), Recurrent Cum. Cost, Capital Cum. Cost (m#), and NPV/CAP.

Road Section	Road class	Length	MT AADT	Pavement	Road Works	Year	Cost (m#)	Recurrent Cum. Cost	Capital Cum. Cost (m#)	NPV/CAP
Ponichela-Mameuli-Guguti 67	International	3.30	6550	Bituminous	C.Rehab(S)@IRI>11	2015	2.43	-	2.43	21.18
Ponichela-Mameuli-Guguti 70	International	2.30	6550	Bituminous	C.Rehab(S)@IRI>11	2015	1.69	-	4.12	21.09
Tbilisi by Pass 48.8 - 48.9	International	0.10	7459	Bituminous	C.Rehab(S)@IRI>10	2015	0.08	-	4.20	21.04
Tbilisi by Pass 15 - 17.9	International	2.90	7459	Bituminous	C.Rehab(S)@IRI>10	2015	2.33	-	6.53	20.57
Tbilisi by Pass 42.1 - 44.4	International	2.30	7459	Bituminous	C.Rehab(S)@IRI>10	2015	1.85	-	8.38	20.14
Tbilisi by Pass 39.9 - 42.1	International	2.20	7459	Bituminous	C.Rehab(S)@IRI>10	2015	1.77	-	10.15	20.13

Below the table, a detailed list of road sections is visible, including columns for ID, ExecYear, RoadID, RoadName, From, To, Length, AADT, FY-AADT, IRI, WorkDescription, NPV/CAP, and Cost mln.GEL. The list includes entries for Tbilisi-Senaki-Leselidze, Tbilisi-Bakurtsikhe-Lagodekhi, Tbilisi-Red Bridge, Tbilisi-Bakurtsikhe-Lagodekhi, Tbilisi by Pass, and Mtskheta-Stepantsminda-Lagodekhi.

The bottom right corner of the screenshot shows the ArcGIS 10.1 logo and the text 'Initializing License...' along with the Esri logo and copyright notice: '© 2012 Esri. All Rights Reserved.'

Examples of RAMS III potential components

4. Bridge Inspection / BMS

- Development of Bridge Management System and relevant field inventory and inspection mobile app
- Guidelines for bridge inspection, detailed inventory of elements
- Bridge health index assessment and multi-year approach
- Climate resilience considerations for bridge assets.

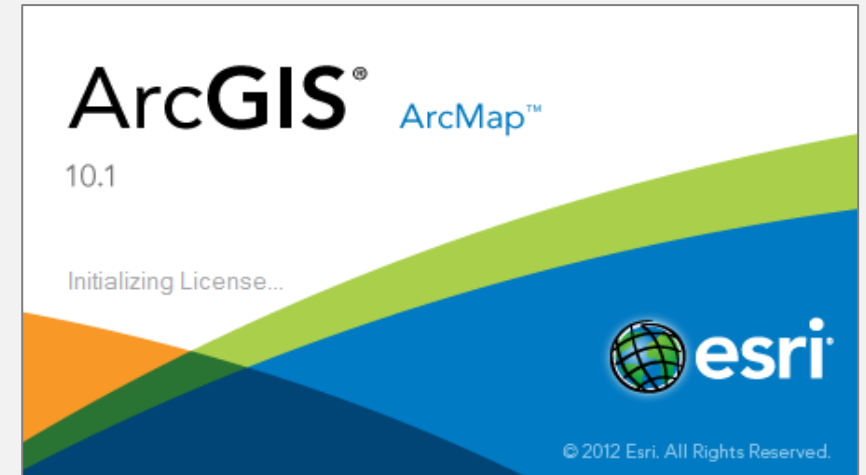


Examples of RAMS III potential components

5. Trainings and Capacity enhancement for COTS software solutions

ArcGIS/QGIS trainings for MOTC, PIU, PIC

- Even with fully operation custom RAMS software, there is a need for GIS capacity as it plays major role in data processing and analysis.
- Basic and Advanced training can be considered under RAMS III that will include preparation of training materials including video/screen recordings for future reference

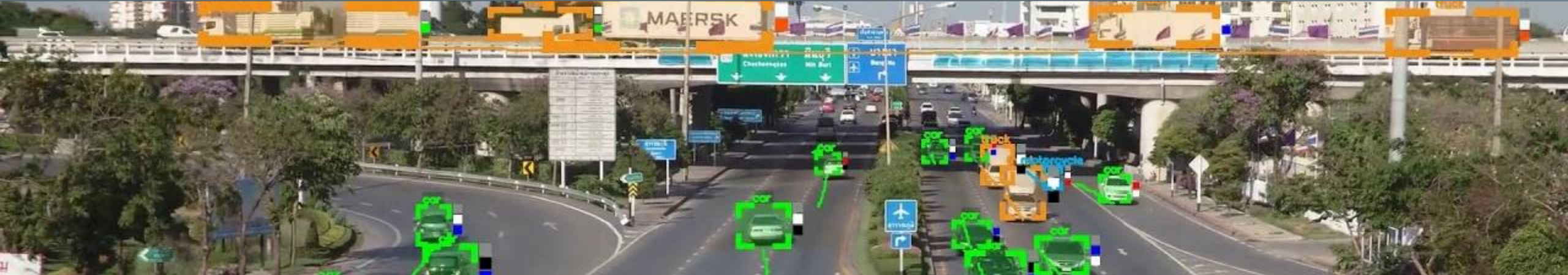


Examples of RAMS III potential components

6. Enhanced traffic data collection with video analytics

- Increase number of automated traffic counters and network coverage
- Introduction of more advanced and accurate counters





Mobile Traffic Counts



Manual Traffic Counts (While Driving)

One of the additional manual count methods is a mechanical Tally or Tally App for mobile. This method is practical only if done in parallel with other road surveys, such as centerline data collection, or during inspections by maintenance contractors.

Operator needs to count vehicles on opposite lane and in addition to final count number must record the duration of the trip, this can be later used to determine approximate daily traffic levels. If used in parallel for example by maintenance units or anyone who has to drive the road anyway, it can provide planning level data with negligible cost.



Automated Counts (Radars, Infrared, etc.)

PIC already operates few radar counters:

Advantages:

- Mobility, can provide reliable data on traffic volume, speed, and other relevant metrics.
- Time-efficient as Automatic traffic recorders can operate continuously, 24/7 and if equipped with solar batteries can operate continuously.
- Most automatic traffic recorders (apart from acoustic) can capture additional data, such as vehicle classification, speed, and direction.

Disadvantages:

- Requires installation and site configuration.
- May not be suitable for all locations or situations.
- Accuracy can be affected by adverse weather conditions such as rain, snow, or fog as well as high traffic levels.
- Requires supervision if there is a risk of theft or vandalism



Video Analytics

Advantages:

- Video analytics system can provide highly accurate and detailed data on traffic volume, classification, speed, and other relevant metrics.
- Automation enables its use for large-scale studies or projects, and can cover wider areas than manual counting methods.
- Video analytics solutions come as Equipment and Software sets but standalone software is also available that can process existing footages.

Disadvantages:

- Analytic software dependent on lighting and visibility conditions, and may not function effectively in adverse weather or lighting conditions.
- Video analytics software may raise privacy concerns, as it captures and stores images of vehicles and drivers.
- Payment mechanism based on length of video processed / number of vehicles processed



Mobile Adaptive Recognition

Pricing Information

Below are the total costs for these different subscription durations.
Additional taxes or fees may apply.

ANPR Cloud powered by Carmen® Vehicle identification software		
Units	Description	1 MONTH
Basic_10k	10.000 requests / month	\$12.5
Basic_20k	20.000 requests / month	\$24
Basic_40k	40.000 requests / month	\$46.5
Basic_80k	80.000 requests / month	\$86
Standard_160k	160.000 requests / month	\$164
Standard_320k	320.000 requests / month	\$310
Pro_640k	640.000 requests / month	\$589
Pro_1280k	1.280.000 requests / month	\$1,117
---DO-NOT-USE-1---	This dimension doesn't include any requests, do not select it!	\$0
---DO-NOT-USE-2---	This dimension doesn't include any requests, do not select it!	\$0
VIP_5m	5.000.000 requests / month	\$4,034
VIP_10m	10.000.000 requests / month	\$7,484
VIP_20m	20.000.000 requests / month	\$14,220



Datafromsky

Intermediate Package

1000 Credits

1000 hours

of video

only 3.32 €/h

Precise raw trajectory data

No video length limitation

Easy file management

Better Value for money

Medium Processing priority

Order



<https://datafromsky.com/>

Data Collection Technologies

Datafromsky

Intermediate Package

1000 Credits

1000 hours
of video

only 3.32 €/h

Precise raw trajectory data

No video length limitation

Easy file management

Better Value for money

Medium Processing priority

[Order](#)

FLOW - one traffic framework for all traffic tasks

datafromsky

Operators

Widgets

Sinks

Actions

Programming elements

- Motion filters
 - Speed
 - Acceleration
 - Time of passage
 - Stationary time
- Property filters
 - Color
 - Category
- Group
 - Risk analysis
 - Congestion detection
 - Group detection
 - Run in parallel
- Set operations
 - Union
 - Intersection
 - Complement

Category

- car
- light
- heavy
- bus
- motorcycle

Category

- bicycle
- pedestrian

ZONE A

current occurrences

28

Stationary time

greater than

2 secs

PED ZONE

current occurrences

15

Union

3

1.0.6

all 3 1 0 0 0 0 2 0 0

<https://datafromsky.com/>



Road Condition Data



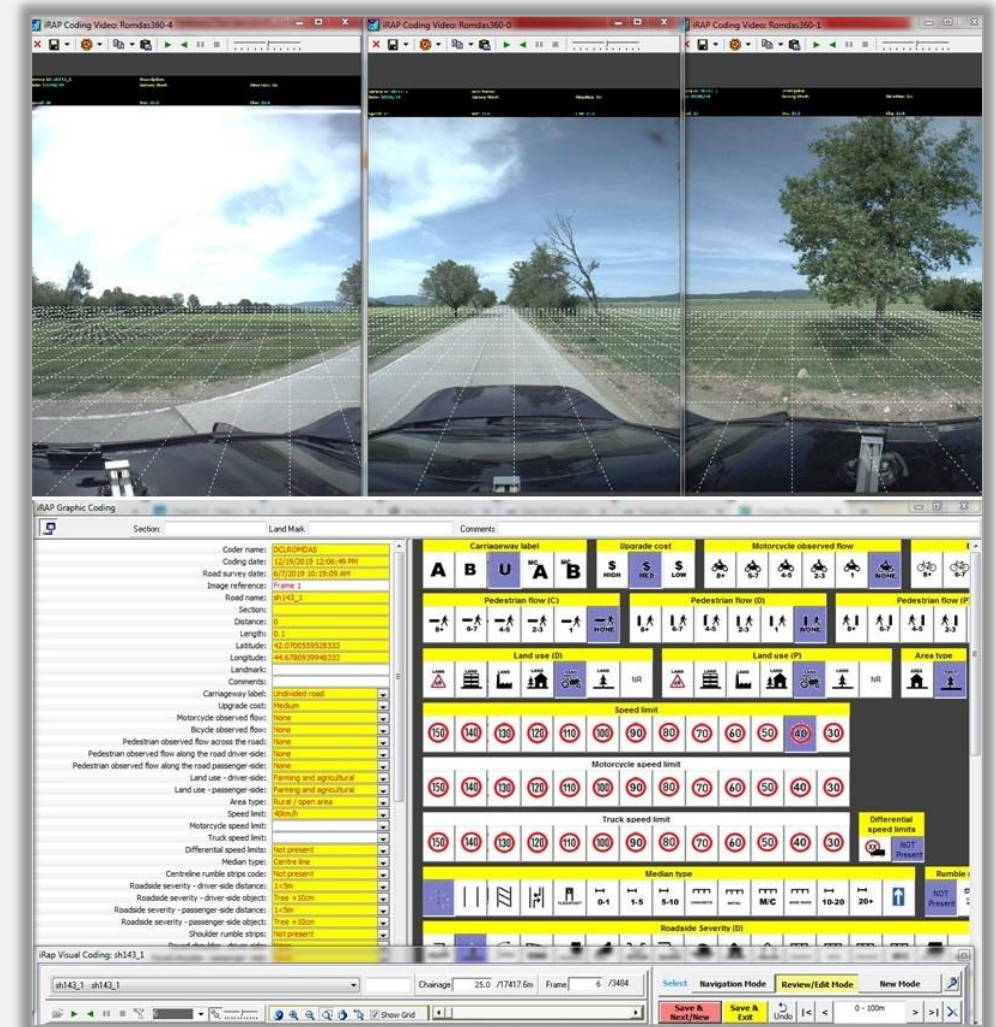
Road Condition Data by Manual Coding

Advantages:

- Coding enables wide variety of data classification related to road condition as well as safety such as traffic signs, markings, etc.
- Low cost for the equipment

Disadvantages:

- Slow process, not applicable for medium or large scale network
- High cost for coding, labor intensive



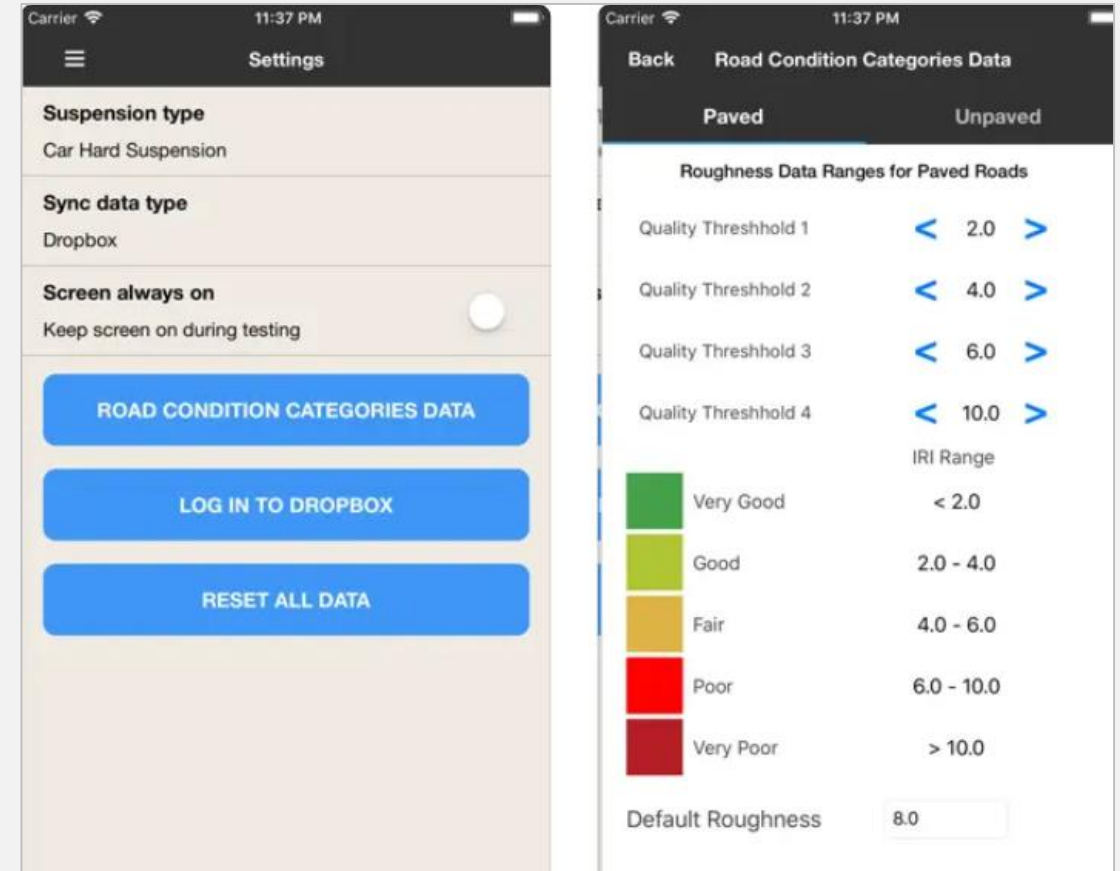
Road Condition Data collection with RoadLAB

Advantages:

- RoadLab mobile app is free

Disadvantages:

- Low Accuracy
- Optimal only if done in parallel with other surveys, otherwise not worth the effort
- Data quality not suitable for prioritization and multi-year planning



Road Condition Data collection with bump-integrator

Is part of RAMS II – equipment for unpaved roads.

Advantages:

- Low Cost
- Can be used on unpaved as well as paved roads
- If calibrated can provide sufficient accuracy for planning

Disadvantages:

- Low Accuracy
- Requires frequent calibration
- Individual calibration takes few days to one week



Road Condition Data collection with IRI Laser profilometers

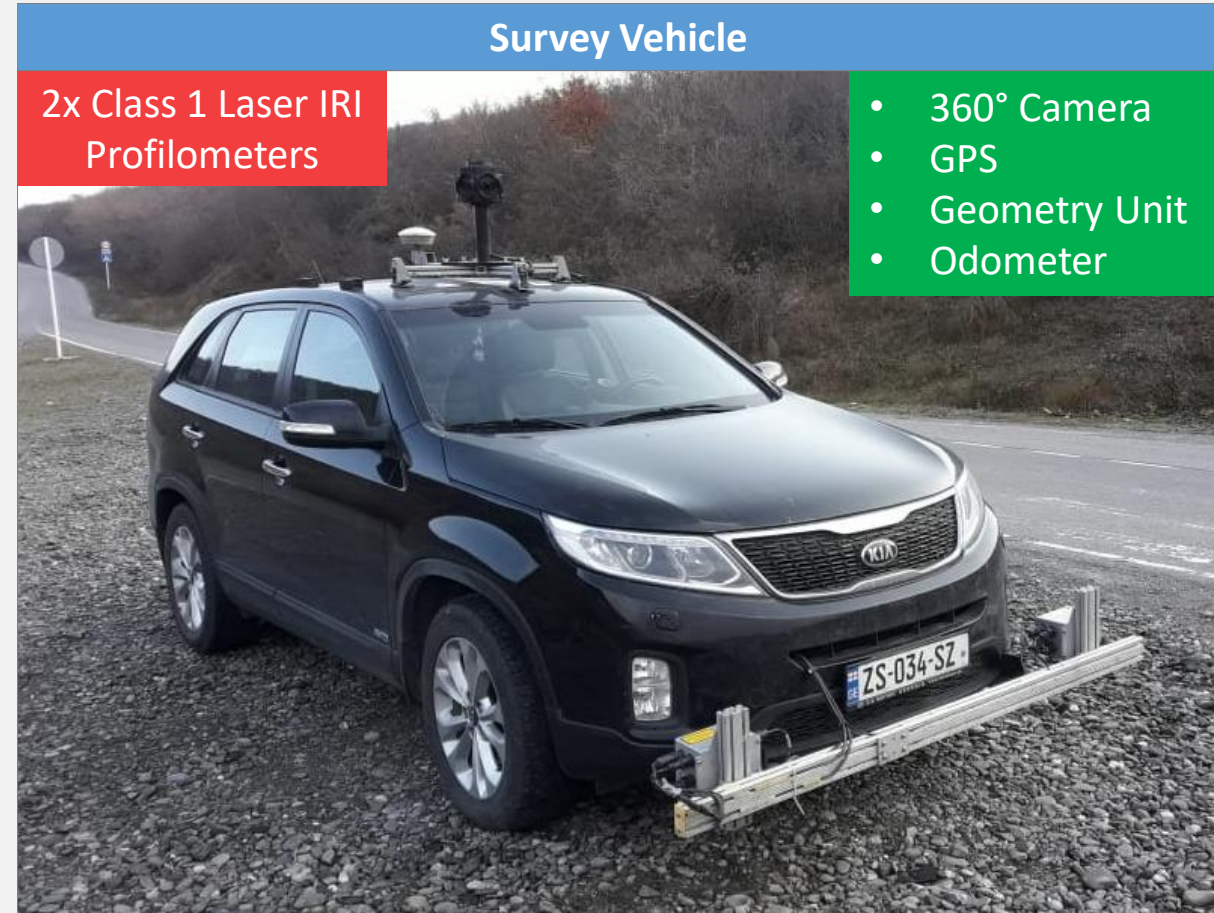
Similar to TRASSA vehicle used by PIC

Advantages:

- One of the most common methods, fast and cost efficient.
- Can collect additional data with Extra modules
- Accurate up to ± 0.1 IRI sufficient for PBC contract monitoring

Disadvantages:

- Relatively expensive (100K-200K USD depending on modules), only IRI is not sufficient to assess pavement condition



Road Condition Data collection by Laser Crack Measurement System

Advantages:

- Accurate and fast data collection method for surface distresses, texture, cracks, potholes, including rutting.
- Automated data processing of distress quantities and severity
- Data can be used for preventive maintenance planning

Disadvantages:

- Expensive system (500K-800K USD depending on modules)
- Potentially high support/maintenance costs



Road Condition Data with computer vision and machine learning techniques

Advantages:

- Automated data processing of surface distresses
- Low system and setup cost
- Scalable for large networks
- Some solutions can also process road signage and marking

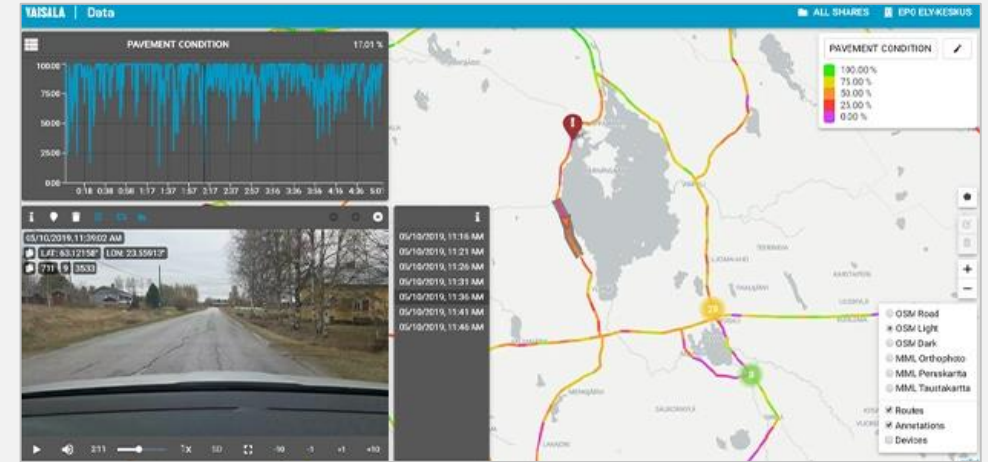
Disadvantages:

- Limited accuracy, no distress quantities
- Video quality dependent (weather, lighting, etc)
- Per KM cost too high for large scale networks (~50USD per km)

examples:

<https://www.roadbotics.com/>

<https://www.vaisala.com/en>



Road Condition Data with LiDAR integration

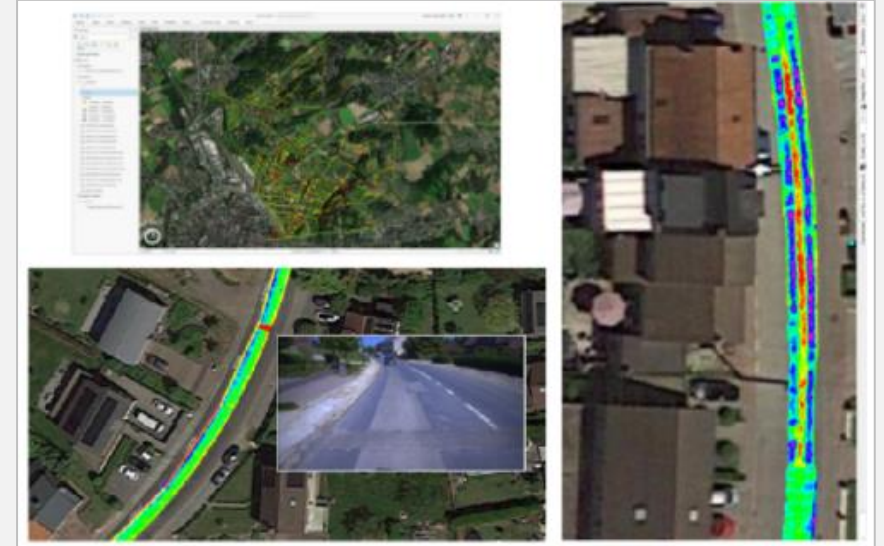
Advantages:

- Automated data processing
- High accuracy
- LiDAR datasets can be used for various other uses, including utilities

Disadvantages:

- High Cost
- LiDAR generates very large volumes of data
- Processing is time consuming and storage may become an issue
- High expertise requirement

[Example: Road Scanning Services | XenomatiX](#)



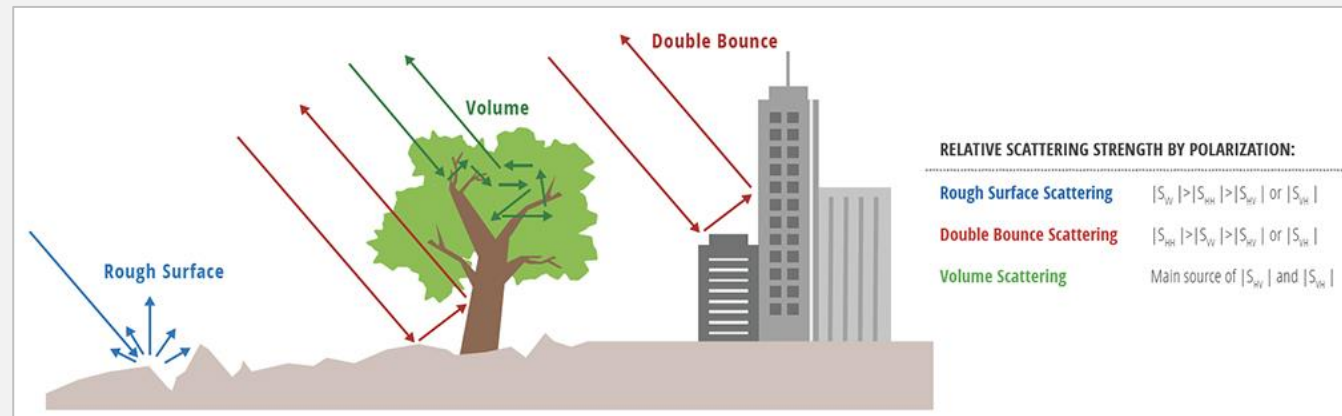
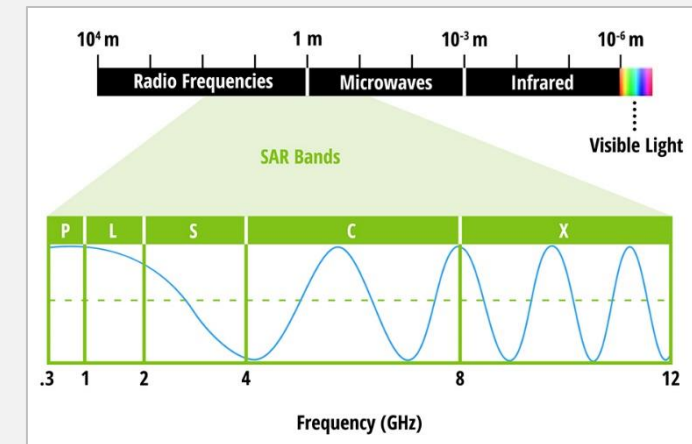
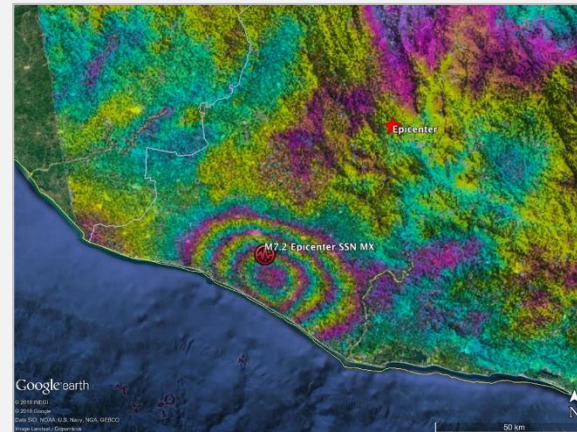
Road Condition Data with Remote Sensing, Synthetic Aperture Radar (SAR)

Advantages:

- No field survey required
- Data available for free use and coverage and quality is expected to be improved
- Automation and scalability to any network size
- Cost almost independent on network size
- WB pilot is ongoing

Disadvantages:

- Limited accuracy, only condition classification (good, fair, poor, bad)
- New approach, limited expertise



Summary and Q&A

