Implementation of SDGs in Turkmenistan

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The fundamentals of SDGs

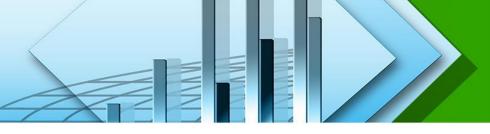
Turkmenistan was one of the first countries in the world to hold consultations in 2016 on the adaptation of the global goals, with the broad involvement of various stakeholders and with the support of UN agencies. 17 consultation meetings were held for each goal.

The fundamentals of SDGs

Having considered the recommendations, on September 20, 2016, the Government of the country approved the national list of Sustainable Development Goals, thereby defining the key directions of the country's economic, social and environmental development until 2030.



The United Nations Sustainable Development Cooperation Framework (Cooperation Framework) articulates the strategic programme planning framework for collaboration between the UN system and the Government of Turkmenistan for the 2021-2025 period.



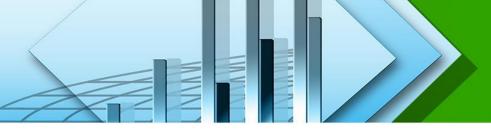
For a deeper analysis of the achievements of the Sustainable Development Goals of our country, the book of the National Leader Gurbanguly Berdimuhamedov "Turkmenistan is on the way to achieving the Sustainable Development Goals", which was presented at the 73rd session of the United Nations General Assembly, was published in 2018.



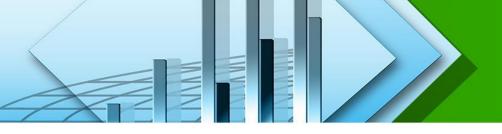
GURBANGULY BERDIMUHAMEDOV

TURKMENISTAN IS ON THE WAY TO ACHIEVING THE SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS

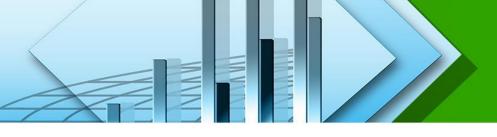




This work was a unique example of our country's commitment to the goals and objectives set by the world community in the implementation of the Global Agenda until 2030. The book highlights the main achievements of the country and puts forward new tasks for the accelerated development of the economy in order to achieve sustainable development.



The Ministry of Finance and Economy of Turkmenistan is the coordinator for the implementation of the SDGs in the country. The State Committee of Turkmenistan on Statistics is responsible for the methodology, collection of reports, creation and maintenance of the SDG database.



An important criterion for achieving the Sustainable **Development Goals is planning at the state level. All** government programs are aimed at achieving sustainable development. The integrated assessment of government programs confirmed that 85% of the SDG goals and targets are included in national programs.

(c) Proportion of schools with access to computers for pedagogical purposes, by education level

(Percentage)

		2015			2017		2020			
Regions	Primary	Lower secondary	Upper secondary	Primary	Lower secondary	Upper secondary	Primary	Lower secondary	Upper secondary	
World	41.2	59.9	74.0	42.9	60.1	73.0	46.4	61.6	75.7	
Sub-Saharan Africa			42.9							
Northern Africa and Western Asia	82.9	95.0	93.7	81.7	95.3	93.5	85.7	95.3	93.5	
Northern Africa	80.6		93.2	80.0	93.9	93.4	86.2			
Western Asia	85.5	96.9	94.2	83.7	97.2	93.6	85.1	97.6	94.0	
Central and Southern Asia	18.6	42.1	69.3	21.1	43.4	69.7	26.1	47.6	75.6	
Central Asia				96.2	95.5		95.8	95.6	97.1	
Southern Asia	17.2	39.9	68.0	19.7	41.2	68.7	24.7	45.6	74.8	
Eastern and South-Eastern Asia	64.2	78.5	83.2	66.8	75.4	77.9	69.8	76.8	80.0	
Eastern Asia	88.2	95.8	93.5	92.4	96.0	92.7	95.9	96.2	93.7	
South-Eastern Asia	46.8		77.3	49.7	61.7	69.1		63.8		
Latin America and the Caribbean	58.7	73.1	75.2	59.6	72.5	73.8			72.7	
Oceania	71.5	91.8	97.6	73.2	91.5	97.5				
Australia and New Zealand	94.3	97.8	99.3	94.7	97.9	99.2				
Europe and Northern America	97.6	98.6	99.2	98.1	98.7	99.2				
Europe	97.5	98.6	99.2	98.1	98.7	99.2				
Landlocked developing countries					51.4			49.7	56.6	
Least Developed Countries			46.1		44.0	44.8	27.8	41.5	43.8	

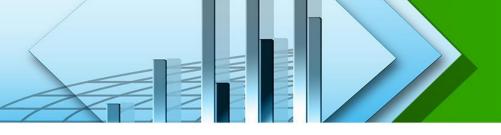
Source: UNESCO Institute for Statistics (UIS).



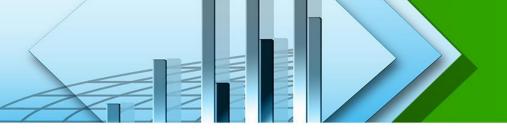
- Two Higher Educational Institutions of Turkmenistan the International University of Oil and Gas named after Yagshygeldi Kakaev and the Institute of Telecommunications and Informatics - were included in the final Impact Rankings 2022, conducted by the world rating organization Times Higher Education (THE). Rating of THE Impact Rankings is a global performance table
- that ranks universities against the UN Sustainable
- **Development Goals (SDGs).**



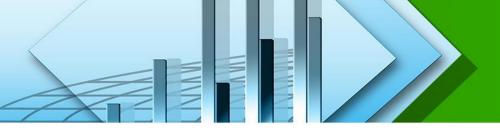
At the beginning of 2021, our country adopted a new long-term National Program for the socio-economic development of Turkmenistan for 2022-2052, in which an important place is given to the achievement of the 2030 Agenda for sustainable development.



An important step in the implementation of the global 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development was the presentation by Turkmenistan in July 2019 at the High Level Political Forum of its first Voluntary National Review (VNR) on the theme "Empowering people and ensuring inclusiveness and equality".



Based upon Voluntary National Review (VNR), Turkmenistan has significant progress in social policy, economic development, and environmental measures.



- It envisions that the country, by 2025, will make a significant progress in achieving national development goals aligned with the SDGs with the UN support within the following <u>three strategic priorities</u>:
- People-centered governance and rule of law
- Inclusive, green, and sustainable economic growth
- Quality, inclusive and affordable health, education, and social protection.

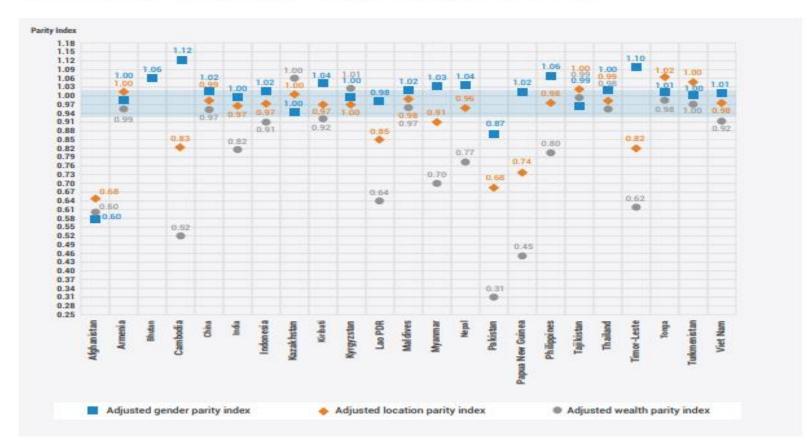


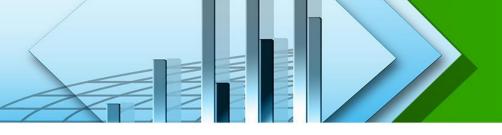
Figure 3.4 Primary schooling completion rate, adjusted parity indices, latest data

Source: UNESCO, UIS data center (accessed 22 December 2021).

Note: Values between 0.97 and 1.03 (indicated by the blue bar) are considered to be parity between different groups.



In 2023, our country plans to present its second VNR at the ECOSOC High Level Political Forum. One of the key tasks in the development of the global economic system is the issue of sustainable development financing. Turkmenistan fully supported the Addis Ababa Action Agenda of the **Third International Financing Conference.**



In May 2021, a Joint Expert Group was established in the country to study and develop proposals for financing the Sustainable Development Goals in Turkmenistan and the introduction of integrated financing mechanisms.



At the present time, there is significant progress on many SDGs and the implementation of measures aimed at diversifying and continuously increasing the competitiveness of the economy.



INTERNATIONAL MONETARY FUND



GDP growth rate during 2007-2020 in CIS countries (%, in current prices)

Countries years	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Azerbaijan	125,0	110,8	109,3	105,0	100,1	102,2	105,8	102,5	101,1	96,9	100,2	101,5	102,5	95,7
Armenia	113,7	106,9	85,9	102,2	104,7	107,6	103,5	103,9	103,2	100,2	107,5	105,2	107,6	92,4
Belarus	108,6	110,2	100,2	107,7	105,3	101,5	100,9	101,5	96,2	97,5	102,5	103,1	101,4	99,1
Kazakhstan	108,9	103,3	101,2	107,3	107,5	105,0	106,0	104,1	101,2	101,1	104,0	104,1	104,5	97,4
Kyrgyzstan	108,5	108,4	102,9	99,5	105,7	99,1	110,5	103,0	103,9	103,8	104,7	103,8	104,6	91,4
Moldova	103,0	107,8	94,0	107,1	106,4	99,8	108,9	104,7	99,7	104,3	104,7	104,0	103,7	93,0
Russia	108,5	105,2	92,2	104,5	104,3	103,4	101,3	100,8	98,0	99,8	101,6	102,5	102,0	96,9
Tajikistan	107,8	107,9	103,9	106,5	107,4	107,5	107,4	106,9	106,0	106,9	107,1	107,6	107,4	104,5
Turkmenistan	111,0	114,7	106,1	109,2	114,7	111,1	110,2	110,3	106,5	106,2	106,5	106,2	106,3	105,9
Uzbekistan	109,5	109,0	108,1	107,3	108,3	108,2	108,0	108,1	107,4	106,1	104,5	105,4	105,8	101,6
Ukraine	107,9	102,3	85,2	104,1	105,2	100,2	100,0	94,9	90,2	102,4	102,5	103,3	103,2	99,3

Source: http://www.cisstat.com



The country continues to implement effective measures to adapt and mitigate climate change, protect the environment, deepen the socially oriented course of economic policy aimed at increasing the welfare of citizens.



Particular attention is paid to the inclusiveness of national reforms, the "greening" of economic sectors, the rational use of natural resources, as well as ensuring equal opportunities and the full participation of women in the life of the country.



Since the onset of the global pandemic, the Government of Turkmenistan has been taking active measures to prevent and protect the country's citizens from the pandemic, including the widespread vaccination of the country's citizens against COVID-19 and measures to mitigate the impact of the global pandemic on economic sectors. This made it possible to ensure sustainable growth rates in the sectors of the national economy.



At the end of 2021, the gross domestic product increased by 6.2% compared to the same period last year, despite the negative trends in the global and regional economies.



THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION!